

# ***FDX<sub>2</sub> of *Chlamydomonas reinhardtii****

## **The crystal structure & probing its interaction network**

*Marko Boehm*

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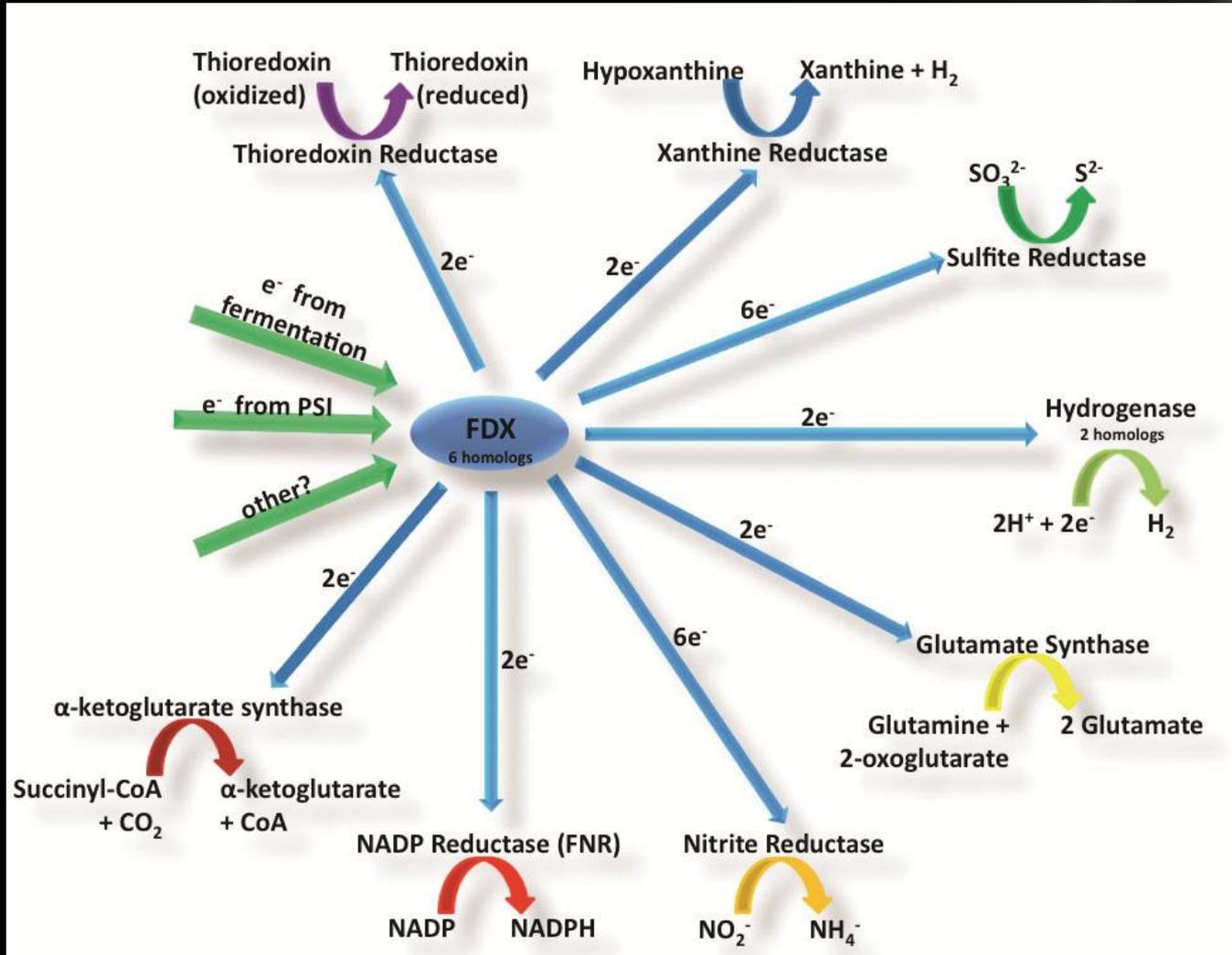


# The Ferredoxins of *Chlamydomonas reinhardtii*

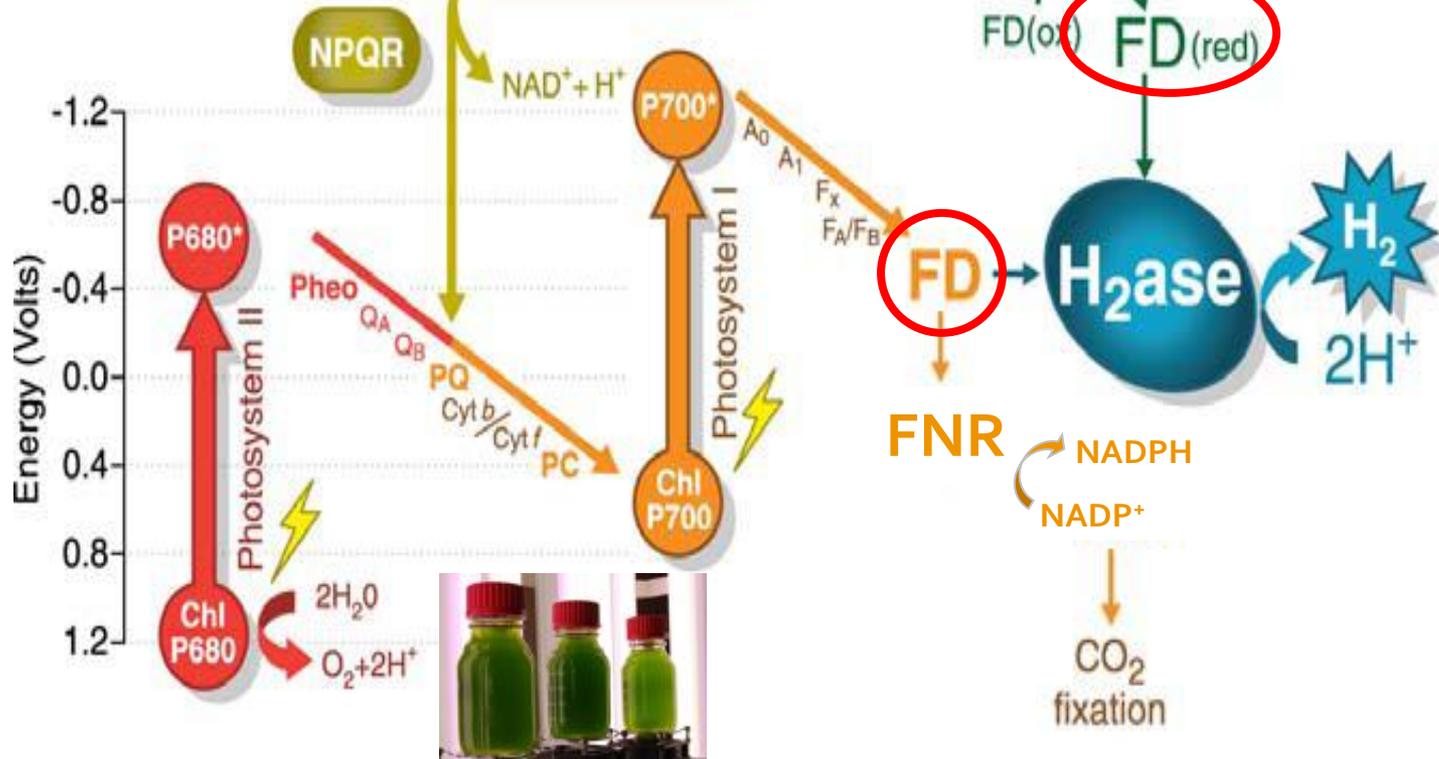
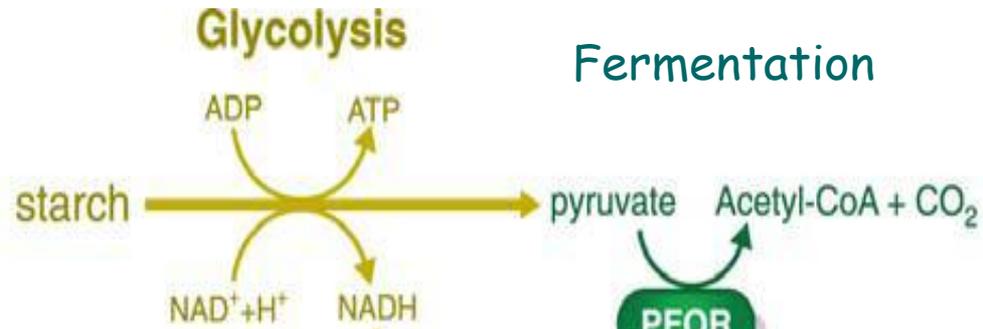
- six chloroplast localized  $2\text{Fe}_2\text{S}$  isoforms
- small, soluble and acidic proteins
- differentially expressed
  - FDX1 major isoform (98% of FDX transcript in TAP grown cells)
  - FDX2 induced by nitrate
  - FDX5 induced by copper stress and anaerobiosis
- function as electron shuttles to a diversity of proteins, but specific functions for each isoform remain largely unknown

# The Ferredoxins of *Chlamydomonas reinhardtii*

- Key players in metabolism -



# H<sub>2</sub> production pathways

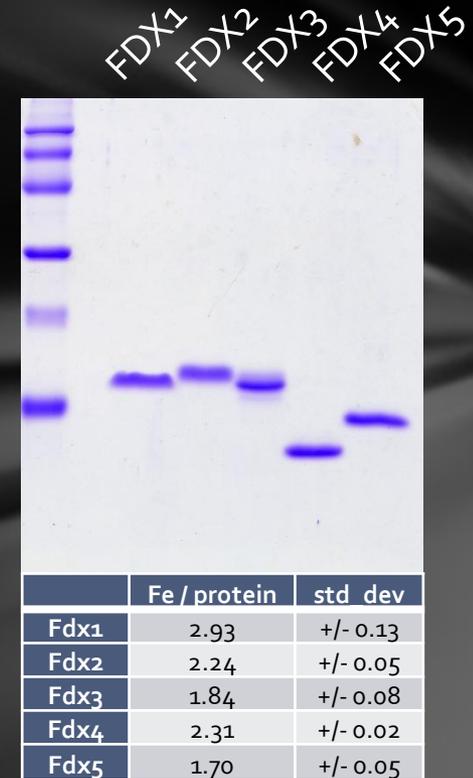


# Protein purification

- His-GST-TEVcs-tagged ferredoxins -

## 3-step purification protocol

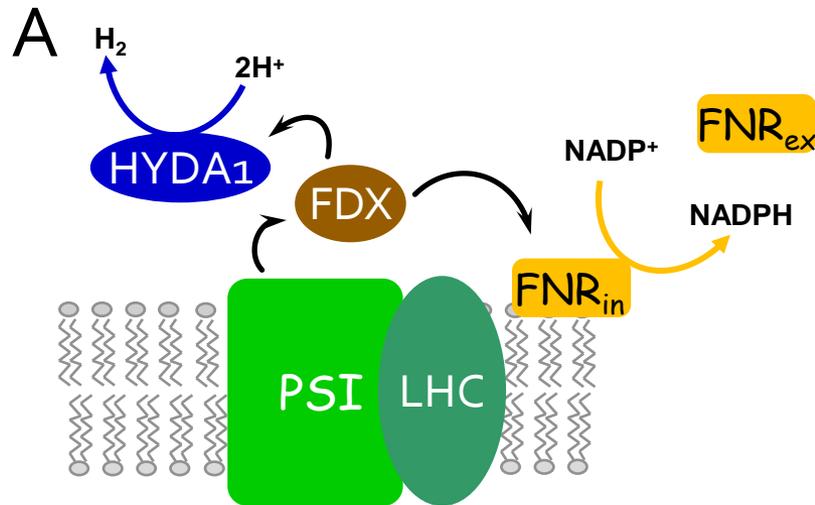
1. GST purification (with on-column TEV cleavage)
2. HT column to remove TEV, GST-His and un-cleaved protein
3. Size exclusion chromatography



### Project aims:

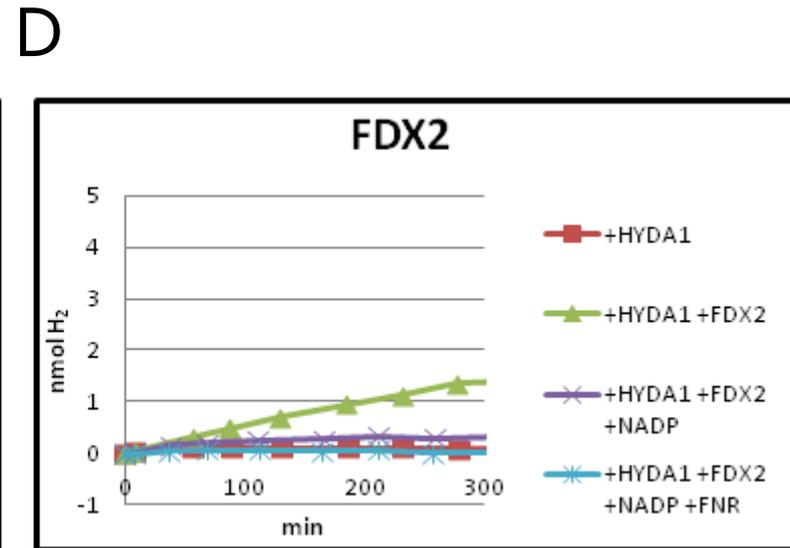
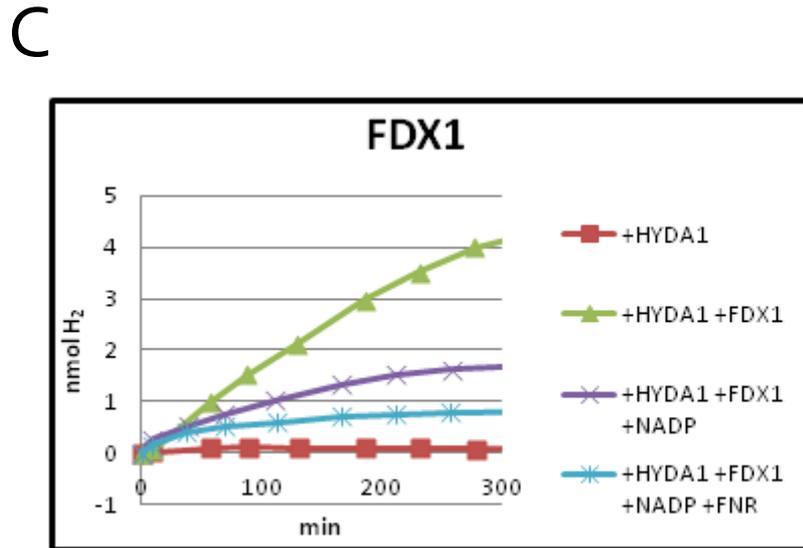
- Interaction studies (pull-down experiments and activity assays)
- Characterization (spectroscopy, crystallization, etc.)

# FDX-mediated photo-hydrogen production vs NADPH photo-production



**B**

	H <sub>2</sub> Photo-production Rate (nmol hr <sup>-1</sup> )		
	+	+	+
25μg Thylakoids	+	+	+
100nM HYDA1	+	+	+
2μM NADP <sup>+</sup>	-	+	+
1μM FNR1	-	-	+
None	0.03951	N/D	N/D
FDX1	0.52193	0.41052	0.25175
FDX2	0.1753	0.07966	0.00899
FDX3	0	0.00211	0.00262
FDX4	0.02148	0.0791	0.05587
FDX5	0	0	0

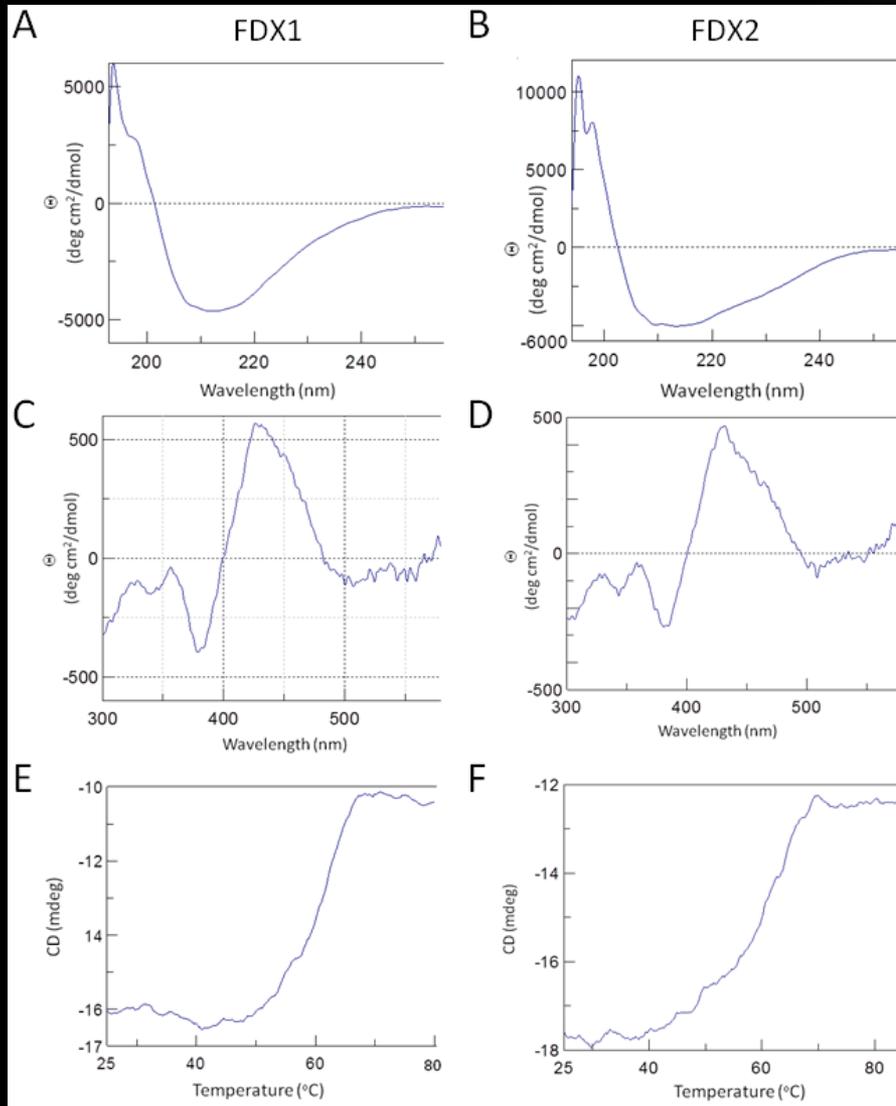


# Evidence for FDX/Hydrogenase interactions

- pull-down experiments using -S cell extract -

GI #	Protein name	FDX <sub>2</sub>			FDX <sub>1</sub>		
		Sample	-Ctrl	p-value	Sample	-Ctrl	p-value
159470457 159472741	HYDA <sub>1</sub> /HYDA <sub>2</sub> - Iron hydrogenases	2	0	0.13	2	0	0.12
159466536	HYDEF - Iron hydrogenase assembly factor	4	1	0.17	1	1	0.93
159472741	HYDA <sub>2</sub> - Iron hydrogenase	5	2	0.25	13	2	0.001
159466244	HYDG - Hydrogenase assembly factor	15	10	0.28	18	10	0.06
159470457	HYDA <sub>1</sub> - Iron hydrogenase	5	4	0.71	8	4	0.17
159466834	FDX <sub>5</sub> - Apoferredoxin	8	1	0.01	7	1	0.02
	<b>Total # of peptides detected</b>	<b>3013</b>	<b>3457</b>		<b>3344</b>	<b>3457</b>	
	<b>Total # of proteins detected</b>	<b>924</b>	<b>1038</b>		<b>1057</b>	<b>1038</b>	

# CD spectroscopy

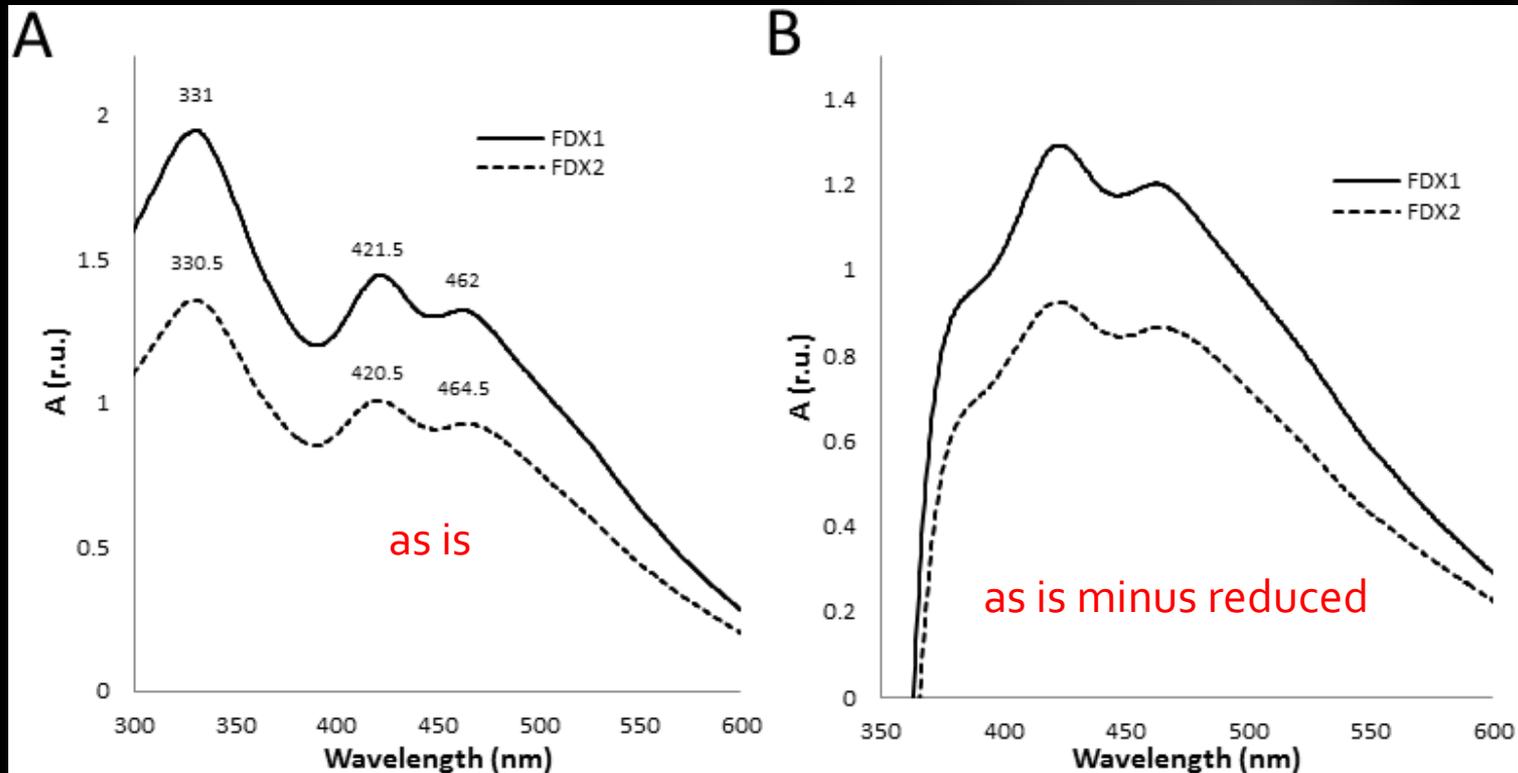


Proteins  
are structured  
(mix of  $\alpha$  helices and  $\beta$  sheets)

Proteins  
contain Fe/S cluster

Proteins are fairly  
thermostable (T<sub>m</sub> ~ 55°C)

# UV/Vis spectroscopy

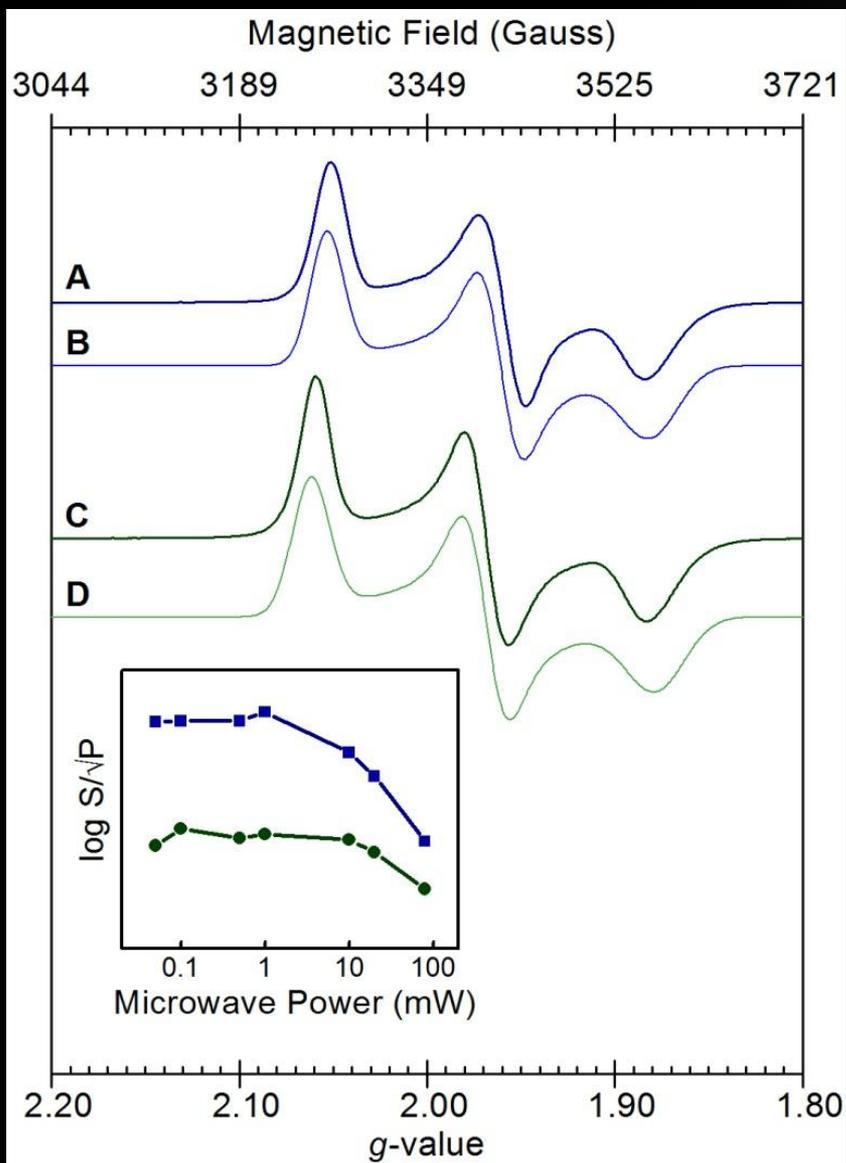


Typical FDX absorption peaks (~ 330, 420 and 460 nm).

The 420 and 460 peaks disappear after protein reduction.

High  $A_{420}/A_{275}$  ratios (for FDX1 and FDX2 around 0.6) indicate a "clean" preparation.

# X-band EPR spectroscopy



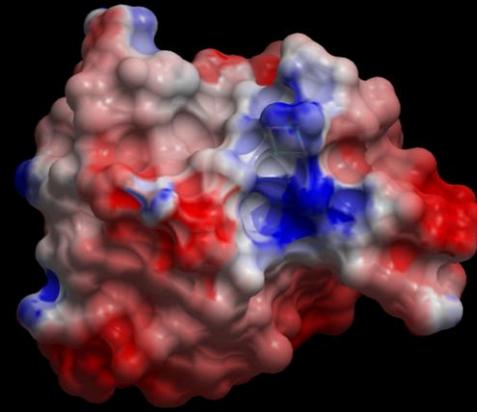
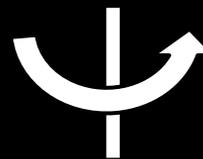
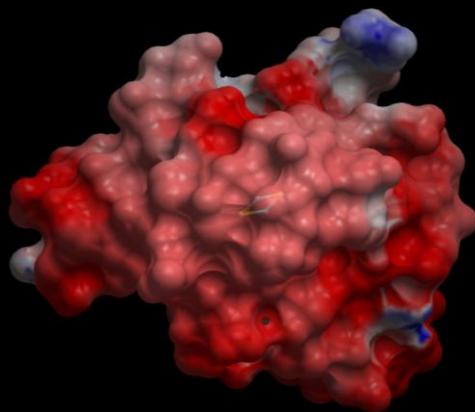
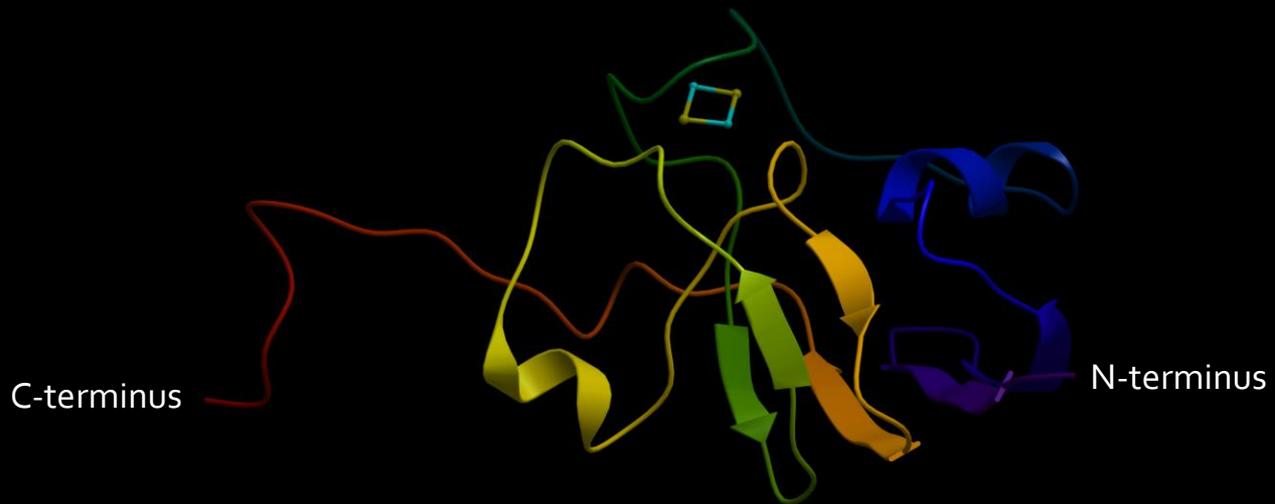
FDX<sub>1</sub> (A), simulation (B)  
FDX<sub>1</sub>:  $g = 2.052, 1.959, 1.879$

FDX<sub>2</sub>(C), simulation (D)  
FDX<sub>2</sub>  $g = 2.061, 1.967, 1.876$

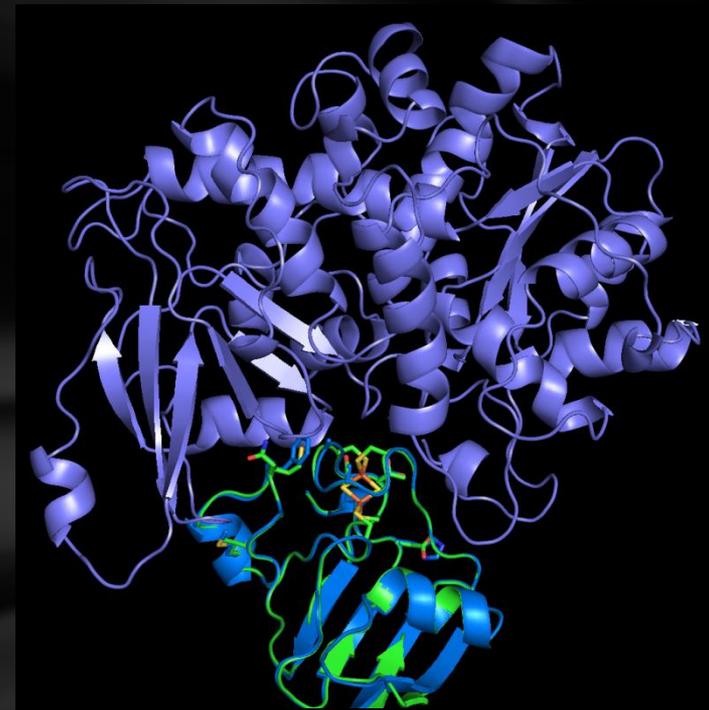
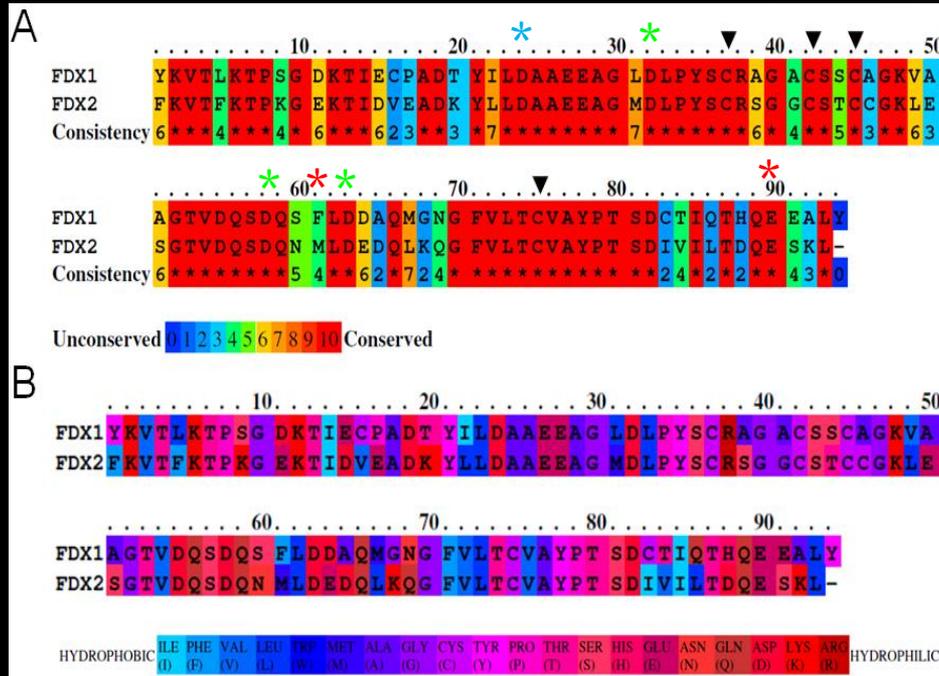
strong rhombic signal as  
expected for 2Fe<sub>2</sub>S proteins

Spectrometer settings:  
modulation frequency: 100 kHz  
modulation amplitude: 10.0 G  
time constant: 327.68 ms  
microwave frequency: 9.37-9.38 GHz  
temperature: 23 K

# The structure of FDX2 at 1.2 Å



# Structural modeling of FDX2 and FDX1 with HYDA1



HYDA1, FDX1, FDX2

(based on model by Winkler et al., 2009)

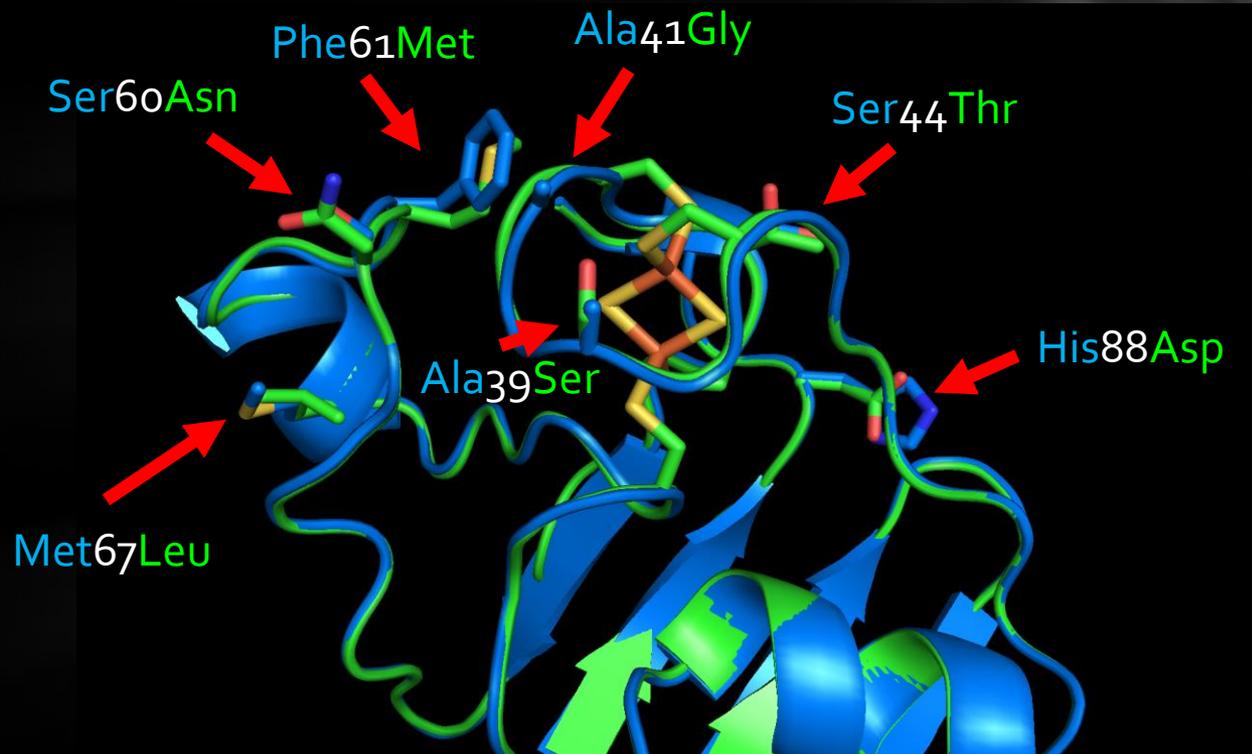
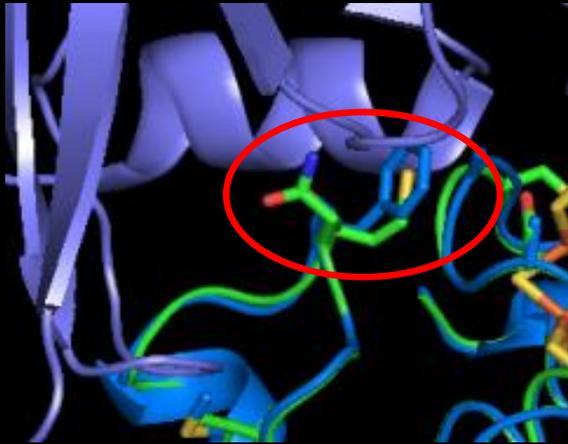
FDX1 and FDX2 share 82% sequence identity

Site directed mutagenesis and HYDA1 activity study (Winkler et al., 2009):

- D32, D58 and D63 (\*) important for intermolecular attraction and orientation in the first stages.
- D24 (\*) had an effect on  $V_{max}$
- F61 and E90 (\*) most critical, i.e. strong effects on  $K_m$  and  $V_{max}$
- Residues suggested to be involved in electron transfer: E90, Y94 and F61

# Differences between FDX2 and FDX1

- close-up view of the 2Fe/2S cluster / HydA1 interaction region -



	...	90	...	
FDX1	THQE	EALY		
FDX2	TDQE	SKL-		
Consistency	*2	**	43	*0

# Conclusions & Future Work

- FDX<sub>1</sub> to FDX<sub>5</sub> were over-expressed in *E. coli* and purified.
- FDX<sub>2/1</sub> are capable of promoting photo-hydrogen production.
- Pull-down experiments provided evidence for hydrogenase FDX<sub>2/1</sub> interactions.
- FDX<sub>2/1</sub> were very similar when characterized by spectroscopy.
- The FDX<sub>2</sub> structure was solved at 1.2 Å.
- The F6<sub>1</sub>M mutation and the lack of Y9<sub>4</sub> are probably the most significant differences, even though others exist on the binding surface.

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Thank you!



Columbine (Colorado's state flower)